#### Amendments to the Claims:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings of claims in the application:

## Listing of Claims:

Claim 1. (Previously presented) An anhydride having the structure:

$$R^1$$
  $O$   $O$   $O$   $CH_3$   $R^4$ 

wherein,

- R<sup>1</sup>, R<sup>2</sup>, R<sup>3</sup>, and R<sup>4</sup> are members independently selected from substituted or unsubstituted alkyl, substituted or unsubstituted heteroalkyl and substituted or unsubstituted aryl.
- Claim 2. (Previously presented) The anhydride according to claim 1, wherein each of  $R^1$ ,  $R^2$ ,  $R^3$ , and  $R^4$  is an independently selected  $C_1$ - $C_6$  unsubstituted alkyl group.
- Claim 3. (Currently amended) The anhydride according to claim 2, wherein said unsubstituted alkyl group is a member selected from the group consisting of methyl, ethyl and propyl.
- Claim 4. (Previously presented) The anhydride according to claim 1, wherein said anhydride is a solid, which is substantially free of coupling reagent derived side products.
- Claim 5. (Currently amended) The <u>anhydride</u> eompound according to claim 1, prepared by a method consisting essentially of:
  - (a) combining benzylidene-2,2-bis(methoxy)propanoic acid, N,N'dicyclohexylcarbodiimide and an organic solvent, thereby forming a reaction
    mixture in which said anhydride is formed;
  - (b) filtering said reaction mixture, thereby removing precipitated dicyclohexylurea from said reaction mixture;

(c) precipitating said anhydride from said reaction mixture by contacting said reaction mixture with a hydrocarbon solvent, thereby producing said anhydride.

### Claim 6. (Previously presented) An anhydride having the structure:

- Claim 7. (Previously presented) The anhydride according to claim 6, wherein said anhydride is a solid and is substantially free of coupling reagent derived side products.
- Claim 8. (Currently amended) A dendrimer which is substantially free of urea side products, said dendrimer comprising a subunit having the structure:

$$-A \qquad CH_3 \qquad OR^6$$

wherein,

A is an active group, which is a member selected from NH, S and O;

R<sup>5</sup> and R<sup>6</sup> are members independently selected from the group consisting of H, diagnostic agents, therapeutic agents, analytical agents, <u>and</u> moieties comprising a reactive group <del>or, alternatively</del>

wherein R<sup>5</sup> and R<sup>6</sup> together with the oxygen atoms to which they are attached optionally form a structure which is a member selected from the group consisting of:

$$0 \longrightarrow H \qquad 0 \longrightarrow \mathbb{R}^3$$

$$0 \longrightarrow \mathbb{R}^4$$

$$0 \longrightarrow \mathbb{R}^4$$

$$0 \longrightarrow \mathbb{R}^4$$

- Claim 9. (Previously presented) The dendrimer according to claim 8, wherein A is a component of a polymer.
- Claim 10. (Previously presented) The dendrimer according to claim 9, wherein said polymer is a member selected from the group consisting of nucleic acids, linear poly(alkylene oxides), star poly(alkylene oxides), polysaccharides, poly(amino acids) and poly(hydroxystyrene).
- Claim 11. (Currently amended) The dendrimer according to claim 10 [[8]], wherein said polysaccharide is a member selected from cyclodextrin, starch, hydroxyethyl starch and dextran.
- Claim 12. (Currently amended) The dendrimer according to claim 10 [[8]], wherein said poly(amino acid) comprises lysine, tyrosine, serine, cysteine, arginine, histidine and combinations thereof.
- Claim 13. (Currently amended) The dendrimer according to claim 9 [[7]], wherein said polymer is a synthetic organic polymer with pendant NH groups, OH groups, SH groups and combinations thereof.
- Claim 14. (Currently amended) The dendrimer according to claim 13 [[11]], wherein said synthetic organic polymer is a member selected from poly(vinylphenol), poly(hydroxymethacrylate), poly(N-2-hydroxypropylmethacrylamide), poly(diallylamine), poly(lactic acid) and poly(hydroxymethylcaprolactone), poly(4-hydroxyethylcaprolactone).
- Claim 15. (Currently amended) The dendrimer according to claim 8 [[6]], wherein said therapeutic agent is a member selected from the group consisting of antiproliferative agents, proteins, anti-cancer chemotherapeutic agents, antibiotics, antivirals, and antiparasitics.

- Claim 16. (Currently amended) The dendrimer according to claim 8 [[6]], wherein said diagnostic agent is a member selected from MRI contrast agents, X-ray contrast agents, CT contrast agents, PET contrast agents, ultrasonography contrast agents, fluorescent agents, chromophoric agents and radioisotopes.
- Claim 17. (Previously presented) The dendrimer according to claim 8, wherein said subunit repeats from 2 to 100 times.
- Claim 18. (Previously presented) The dendrimer according to claim 17, wherein said subunit repeats from 4 to 50 times.
- Claim 19. (Previously presented) The dendrimer according to claim 18, wherein said subunit repeats from 8 to 24 times.
- Claim 20. (Currently amended) A dendrimer according to claim  $\underline{8}$  [[6]], wherein at least one of  $\mathbb{R}^5$  and  $\mathbb{R}^6$  has the structure:

Claim 21. (Currently amended) A dendrimer according to claim 8 [[6]], wherein at least one of R<sup>5</sup> and R<sup>6</sup> has the structure:

$$NH-N=R^7$$

wherein, R<sup>7</sup> is a member selected from the group consisting of diagnostic agents, therapeutic agents and analytical agents.

Claim 22. (Currently amended) A dendrimer according to claim 21 [[19]], wherein R<sup>7</sup> is a doxorubicin derivative.

- Claim 23. (Currently amended) A pharmaceutical formulation comprising a dendrimer according to claim 8 [[6]] and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.
- Claim 24. (Previously presented) A dendrimer comprising a subunit having the structure:

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
O & OR^5 \\
CH_3 & OR^6 \\
CH_3 & OR^5 \\
CH_3 & OR^6
\end{array}$$

Claim 25. (Previously presented) A dendrimer comprising a subunit having the structure:

Claim 26. (Previously presented) A dendrimer having the structure:

wherein,

R<sup>8</sup> is a nucleic acid; and

R<sup>9</sup> and R<sup>10</sup> are members independently selected from H and a poly(ethylene oxide) residue.

Claim 27. (Currently amended) The dendrimer according to claim 26 [[24]], said dendrimer being substantially free of urea side products.

# Claim 28. (Previously presented) A dendrimer comprising the structure:

wherein,

R<sup>8</sup> is a nucleic acid; and

R<sup>9</sup> and R<sup>10</sup> are members independently selected from H and a poly(ethylene oxide) residue.

Claim 29. (Currently amended) The dendrimer according to claim 28 [[26]], said dendrimer being substantially free of urea side products.

### Claim 30. (Previously presented) A dendrimer comprising the structure:

wherein,

R<sup>8</sup> is a nucleic acid; and

R<sup>9</sup> and R<sup>10</sup> are members independently selected from H and a poly(ethylene oxide) residue.

- Claim 31. (Currently amended) The dendrimer according to claim 30 [[28]], said dendrimer being substantially free of urea side products.
- Claim 32. (Previously presented) A biological compartment comprising a membrane defining an interior space, said interior space comprising a dendrimer comprising a subunit having the structure:

wherein,

R<sup>8</sup> is a nucleic acid; and

R<sup>9</sup> and R<sup>10</sup> are members independently selected from H and a poly(ethylene oxide) residue.

Claim 33. (Previously presented) A biological compartment comprising a membrane defining an interior space, said interior space comprising a dendrimer comprising a subunit having the structure:

wherein,

A is a residue of an active group; and

R<sup>11</sup> and R<sup>12</sup> are members independently selected from the group consisting of H, therapeutic agents and diagnostic agents.

- Claim 34. (Currently amended) The biological compartment according to claim 33 [[31]], wherein said therapeutic agent is a member selected from the group consisting of antiproliferative agents, proteins, anti-cancer chemotherapeutic agents, antibiotics, antivirals, nucleic acids, and antiparasitics.
- Claim 35. (Currently amended) The biological compartment according to claim 33 [[31]], wherein said diagnostic agent is a member selected from MRI contrast agents, X-ray contrast agents, CT contrast agents, PET contrast agents, ultrasonography contrast agents, nucleic acids, fluorescent probes, chromophoric probes and radioisotopes.
- Claim 36. (Currently amended) The biological <u>compartment</u> according to claim <u>33</u> [[31]], wherein A is a residue of a core moiety, and said core moiety is a poly(alkylene oxide) residue.
- Claim 37. (Previously presented) The biological compartment according to claim 36, wherein said core moiety is a poly(ethylene oxide) residue.
- Claim 38. (Currently amended) The biological compartment according to claim 33 [[31]], wherein said biological compartment is a member selected from cells and organelles.
- Claim 39. (Previously presented) A method of producing a protected first generation dendrimer substantially free of urea side products, said dendrimer comprising a subunit having the structure:

wherein,

A is an active group residue selected from NH, O and S on a core moiety; and R<sup>13</sup> and R<sup>14</sup> are components of a diol protecting group and are members independently selected from H, substituted or unsubstituted alkyl, substituted or unsubstituted heteroalkyl and substituted or unsubstituted aryl, with the proviso that when R<sup>13</sup> is H, R<sup>14</sup> is other than H;

said method comprising:

(a) forming a reaction mixture by contacting a core moiety comprising A with an acylating group in an organic solvent, said acylating group having the structure:

thereby acylating A, forming said dendrimer; and

- (b) extracting said reaction mixture with an aqueous solution, thereby removing impurities.
- Claim 40. (Currently amended) The method according to claim 39 [[37]], wherein said subunit is a member selected from the group consisting of:

Claim 41. (Previously presented) The method according to claim 39, further comprising:

(c) removing said diol protecting group, thereby forming a first generation

dendrimer comprising a subunit having the structure:

- Claim 42. (Currently amended) A dendrimer prepared by the method according to claim 41 [[39]].
- Claim 43. (Currently amended) The dendrimer according to claim 42 [[40]], wherein said dendrimer is a solid.

Claim 44. (Currently amended) A method of producing a protected second generation dendrimer substantially free of urea side products, said dendrimer comprising a subunit having the structure:

wherein,

A is an active group selected from NH, O and S on a core moiety; and R<sup>13</sup> and R<sup>14</sup> are components of a diol protecting group and are members independently selected from H, substituted or unsubstituted alkyl, substituted or unsubstituted heteroalkyl and substituted or unsubstituted aryl, with the proviso that when R<sup>13</sup> is H, R<sup>14</sup> is other than H; said method comprising:

(a) contacting said first generation dendrimer according to claim <u>41</u> [[39]] with an acylating group having the structure:

thereby acylating A, forming said dendrimer; and

- (b) extracting said reaction mixture with an aqueous solution, thereby removing impurities.
- Claim 45. (Previously presented) The method according to claim 44, further comprising:

  (c) removing said diol protecting group, thereby forming a second generation

  dendrimer comprising a subunit having the structure:

- Claim 46. (Previously presented) A dendrimer prepared by the method according to claim 44.
- Claim 47. (Currently amended) A dendrimer prepared by the method according to claim 44,

  The dendrimer according to claim 46, wherein said dendrimer is a solid.
- Claim 48. (Previously presented) A method of enhancing water solubility of an agent, said method comprising forming a conjugate between said agent and a dendrimer comprising a subunit having the structure: